REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE LOGAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Logan Chick, Logan County Judge/Executive
Members of the Logan County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Peercy and Gray, PSC, PSC, Certified Public Accountants, presents the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements.

We engaged Peercy and Gray, PSC, PSC to perform the audit of these financial statements. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Peercy and Gray, PSC, PSC evaluated the Logan County's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Enclosure



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE LOGAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2009

Peercy and Gray, PSC, PSC has completed the audit of the Logan County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We have issued unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had total net assets of \$13,471,186 as of June 30, 2009. In its governmental activities, the fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$5,420,716 as of June 30, 2009, with total net assets of \$13,452,538. In its business-type activities, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$10,749 with total net assets of \$18,648. Total debt principal as of June 30, 2009, was \$18,182,414 with \$723,594 due within the next year.

Deposits:

As of June 30, 2009, the fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



PEERCY AND GRAY, PSC

Certified Public Accountants

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To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Logan Chick, Logan County Judge/Executive
Members of the Logan County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Logan County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, Logan County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The county has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Logan Chick Logan County Judge/Executive
Members of the Logan County Fiscal Court

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Logan County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining fund financial statements are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2009 on our consideration of Logan County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Peercy and Gray, PSC Certified Public Accountants

Peerry and Gray, PSC

October 21, 2009

LOGAN COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

Fiscal Court Members:

Logan Chick County Judge/Executive

Harold Prince Magistrate
Curtis Watkins Magistrate
Kerry Kenady Magistrate
Dixie Carter Magistrate
Loyd Houchens Magistrate

Jo Orange Magistrate

Thomas Bouldin Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

Thomas A. Noe, III County Attorney

William Jenkins Jailer

Scottie Harper County Clerk

Sherry Wilkins Circuit Court Clerk

Wallace Whittaker Sheriff

Ben Brown Property Valuation Administrator

Mary Givens Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Elaine Jenkins County Treasurer
Karen Taylor Finance Officer

Brenda Morrison Personnel/Payroll Officer

Paul Lyne Road Supervisor

Sue Carol Marshall Occupational Tax Administrator



LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Primary Government						
	Governmental						
	Activities	Activities	Totals				
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 11,130,700	\$ 10,749	\$ 11,141,449				
Total Current Assets	11,130,700	10,749	11,141,449				
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated							
Depreciation							
Land	1,479,491		1,479,491				
Construction In Progress	1,533,543		1,533,543				
Buildings	10,935,350		10,935,350				
Vehicles	530,769	1,120	531,889				
Equipment	1,039,091	6,779	1,045,870				
Infrastructure	4,986,008		4,986,008				
Total Noncurrent Assets	20,504,252	7,899	20,512,151				
Total Assets	31,634,952	18,648	31,653,600				
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Bonds Payable	715,000		715,000				
Financing Obligations Payable	8,594		8,594				
Total Current Liabilities	723,594		723,594				
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Bonds Payable	17,450,000		17,450,000				
Financing Obligations Payable	8,820		8,820				
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	17,458,820		17,458,820				
Total Liabilities	18,182,414		18,182,414				
NET ASSETS							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	2,321,838	7,899	2,329,737				
Restricted For:							
Capital Projects	5,279,750		5,279,750				
Debt Service	430,234		430,234				
Unrestricted	5,420,716	10,749	5,431,465				
Total Net assets	\$ 13,452,538	\$ 18,648	\$ 13,471,186				



LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

			Program Revenues Received						
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	4,075,000	\$		\$	2,320,574	\$		
Protection to Persons and Property		2,571,730		30,578					
General Health and Sanitation		359,031							
Social Services		14,950							
Recreation and Culture		76,155							
Roads		1,165,807				211,219		1,283,715	
Airports		17,500							
Debt Service		693,838							
Capital Projects		235,548				_			
Total Governmental Activities		9,209,559		30,578		2,531,793		1,283,715	
Business-type Activities:									
Jail Canteen		67,852		51,364					
Total Business-type Activities		67,852		51,364					
Total Primary Government	\$	9,277,411	\$	81,942	\$	2,531,793	\$	1,283,715	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Occupational/Net Profit Taxes
Other Taxes
In-Lieu of Tax
Excess Fees
License and Permits
Miscellaneous Revenues
Interest Received

Total General Revenues Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government								
	Governmental Activities					Totals		
\$	(1,754,426)	\$		\$	(1,754,426)			
	(2,541,152)				(2,541,152)			
	(359,031)				(359,031)			
	(14,950)				(14,950)			
	(76,155)				(76,155)			
	329,127				329,127			
	(17,500)				(17,500)			
	(693,838)				(693,838)			
	(235,548)				(235,548)			
-	(5,363,473)				(5,363,473)			
	(0,000,170)				(0,000,170)			
			(16,488)		(16,488)			
			(16,488)		(16,488)			
\$	(5,363,473)	\$	(16,488)	\$	(5,379,961)			
	1,115,860				1,115,860			
	252,629				252,629			
	150,727				150,727			
	2,558,002				2,558,002			
	682,935				682,935			
	287,185 1,149,845				287,185 1,149,845			
	1,149,643				199,558			
	292,736		4,971		297,707			
	385,753				385,753			
	7.075.220		4 071		7 000 201			
	7,075,230 1,711,757		4,971 (11,517)		7,080,201 1,700,240			
	1,711,737		30,165		1,700,240			
					,,,,,,			
\$	13,452,538	\$	18,648	\$	13,471,186			



LOGAN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LOGAN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	(General Fund	Road And dge Fund	 Jail Fund	7	cupational Fax/Net cofits Tax Fund		Hospital Special Reserve Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	697,729	\$ 24,505	\$ 55,689	\$	593,226	\$_	3,431,587
Total Assets	\$	697,729	\$ 24,505	\$ 55,689	\$	593,226	\$	3,431,587
FUND BALANCES Reserved for: Encumbrances Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund Unreserved:	\$	271,759	\$ 8,995	\$ 24,425	\$	277	\$	
General Fund		425,970	15.510	21.264		502.040		2 421 505
Special Revenue Funds			 15,510	 31,264		592,949		3,431,587
Total Fund Balances	\$	697,729	\$ 24,505	\$ 55,689	\$	593,226	\$	3,431,587

LOGAN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2009 (Continued)

Public Properties Corporation Fund - Justice Center		Go	Non- Major wernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
\$	5,279,750	\$	1,048,214	\$	11,130,700		
\$	5,279,750	\$	1,048,214	\$	11,130,700		
\$	5,279,750	\$	10,376 430,234 607,604	\$	315,832 5,279,750 430,234 425,970 4,678,914		
\$	5,279,750	\$	1,048,214	\$	11,130,700		

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

Total Fund Balances	\$ 11,130,700
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.	25,635,396
Accumulated Depreciation	(5,131,144)
Long-term Debt Is Not Due and Payable in the Current Period and, Therefore, Is Not Reported	
in the Funds.	
Financing Obligation	(17,414)
Bonded Debt	 (18,165,000)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 13,452,538



LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	General Fund	_Br	Road And idge Fund	Jail Fund	ccupational Tax/Net rofits Tax Fund
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,822,521	\$		\$	\$ 2,558,001
In Lieu Tax Payments	287,185				
Excess Fees	1,149,845				
Licenses and Permits	27,375				
Intergovernmental	481,664		1,494,934	518,388	
Charges for Services				30,578	
Miscellaneous	179,452		25,989	38,553	
Interest	 55,272		12,803	 2,467	28,800
Total Revenues	4,003,314		1,533,726	589,986	2,586,801
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	2,783,626		260		65,139
Protection to Persons and Property	768,080			1,379,870	32,-23
General Health and Sanitation	300			, ,	
Social Services	1,950				
Recreation and Culture	36,387				
Roads	,		1,825,936		
Airports					
Debt Service					
Capital Projects	220,000		9,886		
Administration	476,820		185,948	324,034	17,361
Total Expenditures	4,287,163		2,022,030	1,703,904	82,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other					
Financing Sources (Uses)	 (283,849)		(488,304)	 (1,113,918)	 2,504,301
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers From Other Funds	120,000		485,000	1,450,000	120,000
Transfers To Other Funds	(120,000)			(335,636)	(2,763,028)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			485,000	1,114,364	(2,643,028)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(283,849)		(3,304)	446	(138,727)
Fund Balances - Beginning	981,578		27,809	55,243	731,953
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 697,729	\$	24,505	\$ 55,689	\$ 593,226

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

2	760,153 287,185
	149,845 199,558
	199,538 315,508
1,070,203 230,317 3,0	30,578
48,742	292,736
	385,753
	921,316
1,101,019	21,010
118,158 2,9	967,183
530,835 2,6	578,785
216,617	216,917
13,000	14,950
39,768	76,155
1,8	325,936
17,500	17,500
	437,213
	719,773
	184,026
7,562,571 1,480,270 17,1	138,438
150,000 (6,207,052) (599,200) (67	217 122\
150,996 (6,397,952) (588,396) (6,2	217,122)
	218,664
318,028 725,636	218,664)
310,020 /23,030	
469,024 (6,397,952) 137,240 (6,2	217,122)
	347,822
	130,700



LOGAN COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LOGAN COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities Are Differenct Because:	\$	(6,217,122)
Governmental Funds Report Capital Outlays as Expenditures. However, in the	e	
Statement of Activities the Cost of those Assets Is Allocated over Their		
Estimated Useful Lives and Reported as Depreciation Expense		
Book Value - Disposed Assets		(34,760)
Capital Outlay		7,933,046
Depreciation Expense		(712,782)
Financing Obligation Proceeds are Considered a Current Financial Resource		
to Governmental Funds While Financing Obligation Payments Are Expensed		
in the Governmental Funds as a Use of Current Financial Resources. These		
transactions, however, have no effect on net assets		
Financing Obligations Principal Payment		8,375
Bond Principal Payments		735,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	1,711,757



LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Enterprise Fund		
	Jail Canteen Fund		
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,749	
Total Current Assets		10,749	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Vehicles		4,000	
Equipment		13,727	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(9,828)	
Total Noncurrent Assets		7,899	
Total Assets		18,648	
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt		7,899	
Unrestricted		10,749	
Total Net Assets	\$	18,648	



LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS – PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS – PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	E n	terprise Fund
	•	Jail Canteen Fund
Operating Revenues		
Canteen Receipts	\$	51,364
Other Receipts		4,971
Total Operating Revenues		56,335
Operating Expenses		
Cost of Sales		57,719
Educational and Recreational		2,278
Depreciation		2,775
Miscellaneous		5,080
Total Operating Expenses		67,852
Operating Loss		(11,517)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Inmate Pay From State		3,718
Inmate Refunds On Accounts		(3,718)
Total Nonoperating Revenues		
(Expenses)		
Change In Net Assets		(11,517)
Total Net Assets - Beginning		30,165
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	18,648



LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Enterprise Fund	
	Jail Canteen Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Receipts From Customers	\$	51,364
Other Receipts		5,531
Cost of Sales		(57,719)
Educational and Recreational		(2,278)
Miscellaneous		(5,080)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By		
Operating Activities		(8,182)
Cash Flows From Noncapital		
Financing Activities		
Inmate Pay From State		3,718
Inmate Refunds on Accounts		(3,718)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities		
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash		
Equivalents		(8,182)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2008		18,931
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2009	\$	10,749
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		
Operating Loss	\$	(11,517)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating		
Income To Net Cash Provided		
By Operating Activities -		
Loss on Disposal of Equipment		560
Depreciation Expense		2,775
		,
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	(8,182)



LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

June 30, 2009

LOGAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

June 30, 2009

	Agency Fund		
	Flex Spending Account		
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	14,286	
Total Assets		14,286	
Liabilities			
Amounts Held In Custody For Others		14,286	
Total Liabilities		14,286	
Net Assets			
Total Net Assets	\$	0	

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LOGAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2009

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets, among other items, are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however, the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Logan County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or their exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. The county has one discretely presented component unit, the Logan County Tourist and Convention Commission (Commission). The Commission's financial statements have not been included in the County's financial statements, as they are considered immaterial.

Blended Component Units

Logan County Public Properties Corporation

The Logan County Fiscal Court appoints the Public Properties Corporation's governing board and has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. In addition, the Fiscal Court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Public Properties Corporation. Financial information for the Public Properties Corporation is blended within Logan County's financial statements. All activities of the Public Properties Corporation are accounted for within a major (capital projects) fund and a non-major (debt service) fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Logan County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Logan County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities, and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

Additional Logan County Elected Officials

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets – resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions and; 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road and Bridge Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, other counties for housing prisoners and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Occupational Tax/Net Profits Tax Fund - The primary purpose for this fund is the collection of occupational tax and net profit tax.

Hospital Special Reserve Fund – The primary purpose of this fund is to act as a reserve fund. This is the County's primary savings account.

Public Properties Corporation Fund – Justice Center – The purpose of this fund is to account for bond proceeds, capital construction costs, and debt service payments related to the Justice Center.

The primary government also has the following nonmajor funds: Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Solid Waste/Recycling Fund, Life Skills Revolving Loan Fund, and the 911 Fund, which are presented as Special Revenue Funds. These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes. The other nonmajor fund is the Public Properties Corporation Fund – Detention Center. This fund is considered a debt service fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road and Bridge Fund, Jail Fund, Occupational Tax/Net Profits Tax Fund, Hospital Special Reserve Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Solid Waste/Recycling Fund, Life Skills Revolving Loan Fund, and the 911 Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Debt Service Funds:

The Public Properties Corporation Fund - Detention Center is presented as a debt service fund. The debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest related to the Detention Center and the Justice Center.

Capital Projects Fund:

The Public Properties Corporation Fund - Justice Center is presented as a capital projects funds. Capital projects funds are to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or renovation of major capital facilities.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise fund is charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements or Interpretations issued November 30, 1989, unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The county's agency fund is used to account for monies held by the county in the Flex Spending Account for custodial purposes only. Unlike other funds, the agency fund reports assets and liabilities only; therefore, it has no measurement focus.

The primary government reports the following fiduciary fund:

Flex Spending Account - This fund accounts for funds received from employees, which are held until an employee is reimbursed for a reimbursable expense.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Cap	italization	Useful Life
	Tl	nreshold	(Years)
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	20-25
Buildings		15,000	10-60
Building Improvements		25,000	10-60
Machinery and Equipment		1,000	3-25
Vehicles		1,000	3-12
Infrastructure		20,000	20-40

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances, may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

J. Related Organizations, Joint Ventures, and Jointly Governed Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the following are considered related organizations of Logan County Fiscal Court: East Logan County Water District and North Logan County Water District. The fiscal court's accountability for these organizations, however, does not extend beyond making the appointments.

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based upon these criteria, the following is considered a joint venture of the Logan County Fiscal Court: Joint City-County Planning Commission and Board of Adjustment (Planning Commission). Logan County Fiscal Court is a participant with the cities of Adairville, Auburn, Lewisburg, and Russellville. The Planning Commission is governed by an eleven-member board composed of five appointees from the Logan County Fiscal Court, three appointees from the City of Russellville and one appointee each from the cities of Adairville, Auburn, and Lewisburg. All participants are obligated to pay expenses not met by Federal and State funds on a pro rata basis.

A jointly governed organization is a regional government or other multi-governmental arrangement that is governed by representatives from each of the governments that creates the organization, but that is not a joint venture because the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility. The Logan County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court), in conjunction with City of Russellville (City), has created the Russellville-Logan County Airport Board (Airport Board). The Airport Board is composed of three members each from the Fiscal Court and City. On September 23, 1997, the Fiscal Court and the City guaranteed repayment of loans in the amount of \$120,000 at an interest rate of 2% per annum. The loans are for a period of ten years for the purpose of constructing capital improvements.

Note 2. Deposits

The primary government maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2009, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity						
	Beginning		<u> </u>	Ending			
Primary Government:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance			
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$ 1,452,005	\$ 27,486	\$	\$ 1,479,491			
Construction In Progress	1,533,543			1,533,543			
Total Capital Assets Not Being							
Depreciated	2,985,548	27,486		3,013,034			
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Buildings	6,914,882	6,456,739		13,371,621			
Vehicles	851,481	326,753	(82,534)	1,095,700			
Equipment	2,204,848	245,729	(176,316)	2,274,261			
Infrastructure	5,004,441	876,339	(170,310)	5,880,780			
	3,004,441	670,339		3,860,760			
Total Capital Assets Being	14.075.653	7.005.560	(250, 950)	22 (22 2(2			
Depreciated	14,975,652	7,905,560	(258,850)	22,622,362			
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Buildings	(2,291,682)	(144,589)		(2,436,271)			
Vehicles	(554,153)	(82,658)	71,880	(564,931)			
Equipment	(1,223,625)	(163,755)	152,210	(1,235,170)			
Infrastructure	(572,992)	(321,780)		(894,772)			
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(4,642,452)	(712,782)	224,090	(5,131,144)			
Total Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated, Net	10,333,200	7,192,778	(34,760)	17,491,218			
Governmental Activities Capital							
Assets, Net	\$ 13,318,748	\$ 7,220,264	\$ (34,760)	\$ 20,504,252			

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows: (Continued)

	Reporting Entity							
	Be	ginning				Ending		Ending
Primary Government: (Continued)	В	alance	Increases		Decreases		Balance	
Business-Type Activities:				_				_
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Vehicles	\$	4,000	\$		\$		\$	4,000
Equipment		15,727				(2,000)		13,727
Total Capital Assets Being				_				
Depreciated		19,727				(2,000)		17,727
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Vehicles		(2,160)		(720)				(2,880)
Equipment		(6,333)		(2,055)		1,440		(6,948)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(8,493)		(2,775)		1,440		(9,828)
Total Capital Assets, Being								
Depreciated, Net		11,234		(2,775)		(560)		7,899
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	11,234	\$	(2,775)	\$	(560)	\$	7,899

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 147,961
Protection to Persons and Property	69,502
General Health and Sanitation	142,114
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	 353,205
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 712,782
Business-Type Activities	
Jail Canteen	 2,775
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,775

Note 4. Long-term Debt

A. Bonds

On September 1, 1998, Logan County Public Properties Corporation issued first mortgage revenue bonds to provide funding for the construction of the Logan County Jail. The total bond issue was in the amount of \$5,140,000, with interest rates varying between 4.30% and 5.1%. Interest is payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year. At the date of sale, there was \$24,726 in accrued interest that was remitted to the Public Properties Corporation along with the bond proceeds. On October 7, 1998 funds were transferred from the Construction Fund Account to the Debt Reserve Account in the amount of \$368,988. Annually \$19,741 is transferred from the Debt Reserve Account to the Sinking Fund Account to pay a portion of the interest. The bond issue provides for early redemption, with 30 days notice, on or after September 1, 2008. Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2009 were \$3,970,000. Debt service requirements are:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30		Scheduled Interest	Principal Amount		
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015-2019 2020-2024 2025-2029	\$	193,368 185,746 177,651 169,001 159,736 635,625 295,929 9,180	\$	165,000 170,000 180,000 190,000 200,000 1,170,000 1,535,000 360,000	
Totals	\$	1,826,236	\$	3,970,000	

B. Bonds

On February 1, 2008, Logan County Public Properties Corporation issued first mortgage revenue bonds to provide funding for the construction of the Logan County Judicial Center. The total bond issue was in the amount of \$14,775,000, with interest rates varying between 2.50% and 4.25%. Interest is payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year. At the date of sale, there was \$4,479 in accrued interest that was remitted to the Public Properties Corporation along with the bond proceeds. Funding of the debt service is provided by a lease arrangement with the Commonwealth of Kentucky Administrative Office of the Courts. Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2009 were \$14,195,000. Debt service requirements are:

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. Bonds (Continued)

	Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year Ended June 30		Scheduled Interest		Principal Amount					
2010	\$	522,974	\$	550,000					
2011		509,224		560,000					
2012		492,424		580,000					
2013		475,024		595,000					
2014		457,174		615,000					
2015-2019		1,980,550		3,370,000					
2020-2024		1,303,595		4,055,000					
2025-2029		412,057		3,870,000					
Totals	\$	6,153,022	\$	14,195,000					

C. Financing Obligation

On July 1, 2000, Logan County Fiscal Court entered into a loan agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority for \$175,917. The Fiscal Court received \$78,731 of the loan proceeds. The loan was for the purpose of establishing a comprehensive recycling program for Logan County, including the cities of Russellville, Auburn, and Lewisburg. The interest rate was 2.60% for a period of ten (10) years, interest, and principal paid semi-annually. Loan balance outstanding as of June 30, 2009 was \$17,414. Debt service requirements are:

	 Government	tal Act	ivities
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 neduled terest		rincipal Amount
2010 2011	\$ 397 172	\$	8,594 8,820
Totals	\$ 569	\$	17,414

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

D. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	Due in More
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	Than One Year
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 4,125,000	\$	\$ 155,000	\$ 3,970,000	\$ 165,000	3,805,000
Financing Obligations	25,789		8,375	17,414	8,594	8,820
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	14,775,000		580,000	14,195,000	550,000	13,645,000
Governmental Activities						
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 18,925,789	\$	\$ 743,375	\$ 18,182,414	\$ 723,594	\$ 17,458,820

Note 5. Employee Retirement System

The county has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 13.50 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 6. Deferred Compensation

On June 13, 2000, the Logan County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 7. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, Logan County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 8. Interest on Long-Term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$617 in interest on financing obligations and \$693,174 in interest on bonds.

LOGAN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information

LOGAN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information Modified Cash Basis

GENERAL FUND

		GENERA	AL FUND					
	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 1,654,900	\$ 1,654,900	\$ 1,822,521	\$ 167,621				
In Lieu Tax Payments	212,000	212,000	287,185	75,185				
Licenses and Permits	21,800	21,800	27,375	5,575				
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,706,770	1,748,437	1,631,509	(116,928)				
Miscellaneous	47,000	185,962	179,452	(6,510)				
Interest	46,500	46,500	55,272	8,772				
Total Revenues	3,688,970	3,869,599	4,003,314	133,715				
EXPENDITURES								
General Government	3,168,802	3,231,195	2,783,626	447,569				
Protection to Persons and Property	569,954		768,080	59,100				
General Health and Sanitation	300		300	100,000				
Social Services		1,950	1,950	,				
Recreation and Culture	45,000	45,000	36,387	8,613				
Capital Projects	315,797	315,797	220,000	95,797				
Administration	565,117	564,970	476,820	88,150				
Total Expenditures	4,664,970	5,086,392	4,287,163	799,229				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other	(074 000	(1.216.702)	(292 940)	022.044				
Financing Sources (Uses)	(976,000	(1,216,793)	(283,849)	932,944				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			120,000	120,000				
Transfers From Other Funds	(12.000	(12.000)	120,000	120,000				
Transfers To Other Funds	(13,000		(120,000)	(107,000)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(13,000	(13,000)		13,000				
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(989,000	(1,229,793)	(283,849)	945,944				
Fund Balances - Beginning	989,000	989,000	981,578	(7,422)				
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 0	\$ (240,793)	\$ 697,729	\$ 938,522				

LOGAN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS **Required Supplementary Information Modified Cash Basis** For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

	ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive (legative)		
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,393,987	\$	1,393,987	\$	1,494,934	\$	100,947
Miscellaneous		600		25,700		25,989		289
Interest		12,000		12,000		12,803		803
Total Revenues		1,406,587		1,431,687		1,533,726		102,039
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		500		263		260		3
Roads		2,094,558		2,132,857		1,825,936		306,921
Capital Projects		65,000		52,181		9,886		42,295
Administration		216,154		216,011		185,948		30,063
Total Expenditures		2,376,212		2,401,312		2,022,030		379,282
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(969,625)		(969,625)		(488,304)		481,321
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		943,625		943,625		485,000		(458,625)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		943,625		943,625		485,000		(458,625)
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(26,000)		(26,000)		(3,304)		22,696
Fund Balances - Beginning		26,000		26,000		27,809		1,809
								-,002
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	24,505	\$	24,505

LOGAN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts			A	Actual mounts, audgetary	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Basis)	<u>(N</u>	legative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	608,475	\$	608,475	\$	518,388	\$	(90,087)
Charges for Services	Ψ	37,550	Ψ	37,550	Ψ	30,578	Ψ	(6,972)
Miscellaneous		37,100		37,100		38,553		1,453
Interest		3,000		3,000		2,467		(533)
Total Revenues		686,125		686,125		589,986		(96,139)
10001100		000,120		000,120		200,000		(>0,10>)
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		1,427,655		1,435,492		1,379,870		55,622
Debt Service		335,750		335,750		335,636		114
Administration		339,491		331,654		324,034		7,620
Total Expenditures		2,102,896		2,102,896		2,039,540		63,356
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,416,771)		(1,416,771)		(1,449,554)		(32,783)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		1,365,771		1,365,771		1,450,000		84,229
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,365,771		1,365,771		1,450,000		84,229
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(51,000)		(51,000)		446		51,446
Fund Balances - Beginning		51,000)		51,000		55,243		4,243
Tund Damnees - Deginning		31,000		31,000		33,243		7,273
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	55,689	\$	55,689
Reconciliation of the Budgetary Comparison Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and C			Bala	nce				
							Exp	enditures
Total - Budgetary Comparison Schedule	_			~			\$	2,039,540
Transfers Out - To Public Properties Corporati	on Fu	ınd - Detenti	on (Center				(335,636)
Total - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, a	and C	hanges in Fu	ınd İ	Balances			\$	1,703,904

LOGAN COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS
Required Supplementary Information
Modified Cash Basis
For The Year Ended June 30, 2009
(Continued)

OCCUPATIONAL TAX/ NET PROFITS TAX FUND Variance with Actual Amounts, Final Budget **Budgeted Amounts** (Budgetary Positive Original Final Basis) (Negative) REVENUES 2,500,000 2,500,000 58,001 Taxes 2,558,001 Interest 32,400 32,400 28,800 (3,600)2,532,400 2,532,400 2,586,801 54,401 **Total Revenues EXPENDITURES** 51,191 General Government 116,330 116,330 65,139 Administration 61,665 61,665 17,361 44,304 Total Expenditures 177,995 177,995 82,500 95,495 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,354,405 2,354,405 2,504,301 149,896 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 120,000 Transfers From Other Funds 120,000 Transfers To Other Funds (3,094,405)(3,094,405)(2,763,028)331,377 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (3,094,405)(3,094,405)(2,643,028)451,377 Net Changes in Fund Balances (740,000)(740,000)601,273 (138,727)Fund Balances - Beginning 740,000 740,000 731,953 (8,047)Fund Balances - Ending 593,226 \$ 593,226 \$

LOGAN COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS
Required Supplementary Information
Modified Cash Basis
For The Year Ended June 30, 2009
(Continued)

	HOSPITAL SPECIAL RESERVE FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	
		Original		Tillal		Dasis)		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Interest	\$	125,000	\$	125,000	\$	150,996	\$	25,996
Total Revenues		125,000		125,000		150,996		25,996
EXPENDITURES Administration		3,418,248		3,177,730				3,177,730
Total Expenditures	3,418,248		3,177,730				3,177,730	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,293,248)		(3,052,730)		150,996		3,203,726
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		331,028		331,028		318,028		(13,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		331,028		331,028		318,028		(13,000)
Net Changes in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning		(2,962,220) 2,962,220		(2,721,702) 2,962,220		469,024 2,962,563		3,190,726 343
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	240,518	\$	3,431,587	\$	3,191,069

LOGAN COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2009

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

LOGAN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2009

LOGAN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2009

	Gov Ec	Local vernment conomic		Solid Waste/	R	Life Skills evolving		011	
		sistance Fund	K	ecycling Fund		Loan Fund	911 Fund		
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,299	\$	463,410	\$	71,298	\$	76,973	
Total Assets	\$	6,299	\$	463,410	\$	71,298	\$	76,973	
FUND BALANCES Reserved for: Encumbrances Debt Service Fund Unreserved:	\$	100	\$	3,227	\$		\$	7,049	
Special Revenue Funds		6,199		460,183		71,298		69,924	
Total Fund Balances	\$	6,299	\$	463,410	\$	71,298	\$	76,973	

LOGAN COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information June 30, 2009 (Continued)

]	Public				
Pr	operties	Total			
Cor	Corporation		Non-Major		
Fund	- Detention	Governmental			
	Center	Funds			
\$	430,234	\$	1,048,214		
\$	430,234	\$	1,048,214		
-					
\$		\$	10,376		
	430,234		430,234		
			607,604		
\$	430,234	\$	1,048,214		



LOGAN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

LOGAN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Local Government	Solid	Life Skills	
	Economic Assistance Fund	Waste/ Recycling Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	911 Fund
DIMENUTY				
REVENUES	\$	\$	\$	\$ 379,631
Taxes License and Permits	Ф	5 172,183	Ф	\$ 379,631
Intergovernmental	65,519	66,500		118,298
Miscellaneous	1,500	37,350	9,600	292
Interest	781	18,180	2,773	2,674
Total Revenues	67,800	294,213	12,373	500,895
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	118,158			
Protection to Persons and Property	110,130			530,835
General Health and Sanitation	44,031	172,586		550,655
Social Services	13,000	172,300		
Recreation and Culture	39,768			
Airports	17,500			
Debt Service	.,	9,039		
Administration	555	32,685		146,623
Total Expenditures	233,012	214,310		677,458
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures Before Other				
Financing Sources (Uses)	(165,212)	79,903	12,373	(176,563)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers From Other Funds	170,000			220,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	170,000			220,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,788	79,903	12,373	43,437
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,511	383,507	58,925	33,536
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 6,299	\$ 463,410	\$ 71,298	\$ 76,973

LOGAN COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

Public	
Properties	Total
Corporation	Non-Major
Fund - Detention	Governmental
Center	Funds
\$	\$ 379,631
	172,183
	250,317
	48,742
16,593	41,001
16,593	891,874
	118,158
	530,835
	216,617
	13,000
	39,768
	17,500
355,490	364,529
	179,863
355,490	1,480,270
(338,897)	(588,396)
335,636	725,636
335,636	725,636
(3,261)	137,240
433,495	910,974
\$ 430,234	\$ 1,048,214



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



PEERCY AND GRAY, PSC

Certified Public Accountants

2300 Hurstbourne Village Drive, Suite 500 Louisville, Kentucky 40299

Phone: (502) 493-1090 FAX: (502) 493-7231

The Honorable Logan Chick, Logan County Judge/Executive Members of the Logan County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2009. Logan County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Logan County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Logan County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Logan County's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Logan County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Peercy and Gray, PSC

Certified Public Accountants

Peerry and Gray, PSC

October 21, 2009

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

LOGAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Appendix A

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

LOGAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

The Logan County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Logan Chick

County Judge/Executive

Claine Jankins

County Treasurer